《天路导向(粤)》双语讲义

藉我赐恩福 – 9 BLESSED TO BE A BLESSING – 9

- 1. Hello, listening friends. 亲爱的朋友,你好,
- 2. Welcome to this series of messages from I Peter. 欢迎你收听彼得前书里的系列信息。
- 3. Last time, we started learning how we are to respond to the seven-fold blessing God has given us.

 上次节目我们开始学习,如何回应神赐给我们的七重福气。
- 4. Peter tells us there are six different ways we need to respond to God's blessings. 彼得告诉我们,可以从六方面来回应神所赐的福。
- 5. In thankfulness to God, be alert. 因着感恩,我们要儆醒。
- 6. In thankfulness to God, be holy. 因着感恩,我们要圣洁。
- 7. Thirdly, 第三,
- 8. in thankfulness to God, be reverent. 因为我们感谢神的恩典, 所以我们要敬畏祂。
- 9. Look at your Bibles. I Peter, Chapter 1, verses 17 to 21. 请看你的圣经,彼得前书第一章 17-21节。
- 10. Reverence is another word that the world thinks strange 世上的人对"敬畏"这个词感到很古怪,
- 11. Do you know why? 你知道为什么吗?
- 12. Because we have very few things that are sacred anymore.
 因为现在神圣的事物已经越来越少了。
- 13. Without things that are sacred, there is nothing to reverence. 没有神圣的,就没有敬畏。
- 14. Many people in the world despise authority and those in authority. 今天世上很多人轻看权威和有权柄的人,

- 15. This is particularly because people in authority have ceased to be holy 有一部份是因为那些掌权的人不再圣洁,
- 16. and, therefore, cease to be revered. 所以也得不到别人的尊敬。
- 17. My listening friends, this is very important. 亲爱的朋友,这很重要。
- 18. In the whole process of losing reverence for those in authority, 对掌权的人逐渐失去敬畏的心,
- 19. many have lost their reverence for God; 导致很多人不再敬畏神。
- 20. yet, Peter said that, if you are truly thankful to God for your blessings, 但彼得说,如果你真正地感谢神赐恩给你,
- then, you have no choice but to revere God as your Father.
 那么,你毫无余地的必然会敬畏天父上帝,
- 22. You have no choice in this. 你不会有其它的选择。
- 23. God, the Father, must be revered. 神,我们的天父必须受敬畏。
- 24. The Bible uses the term "Father" because, throughout the Scripture, one fact is understood, 圣经使用"天父"称呼神,因为全本圣经都表明一个真理,
- 25. that fathers are to be treated with respect. 父亲是应该被尊重的。
- 26. In the Scripture, it is understood that fathers reflect the holiness of God, 圣经说得很清楚,父亲应该反映神圣洁的形象。
- 27. and, since they reflect the holiness of God in their life, 当他们在日常生活里反映神的圣洁时,
- 28. they are to be treated by their children with reverence and respect and honor. 他们的儿女就会尊敬孝顺他们。

- 29. I have deliberately chosen the word "reverence," rather than the literal translation of the word, which means "fear." 我刻意用"敬畏"这个词,而没有用原文直接翻译的"畏惧"这个词。
- 30. Let me explain to you about the change in this translation of the word. 让我解释一下,为什么我使用这个翻译的词。
- 31. Because people often associate the word "fear" with ideas like "dread" or "terror," 因为一般人一看到"畏惧"这两个字,就会联想到恐惧、害怕的意思。
- 32. and that is why it would not be a good word to use given the current understanding of the word; 要是按照这个解释,那么,这个词就不适合用在这里。
- 33. yet here, in the Scripture, the word means "adoration." 但在这段经文里,这个词是代表"敬拜"的意思,
- 34. It means that we will get literally on our faces before God out of respect and honor. 也就是五体投地的敬拜神。
- 35. In the ancient languages, 在古文里,
- 36. the word comes from the word that means applying the lips to the back of the hand 这个词的字根,原意是以嘴唇亲吻手背,
- 37. and kissing the head and out of respect and reverence. 表示恭敬、尊重:
- 38. It means being awestruck for what God has done for us. 表示对神在我们身上的作为感到何等敬畏;
- 39. It means being completely and totally overwhelmed with God's active generosity, 代表我们因为神如此宽宏大量而全然折服。
- 40. and that is why we bow in respect. 因此我们屈身,表示恭敬;
- 41. It means being so overcome with a sense of unworthiness. 表示我们感到自己多么不配;
- 42. It means having the total inability to repay God's colossal act of generosity. 表示我们承认自己不可能偿还神所赐的浩大宏思;

- 43. It means being almost tongue-tied, 表示我们目瞪口呆,
- 44. or stuttering and stammering and not knowing what to say, 张口结舌,无法表达心中的感受,
- 45. all because of the great price Jesus paid to redeem us from our sin. 都因为耶稣付出了极重的代价,救赎我们脱离罪恶。
- 46. I am told that, in the days of slavery, some slaves would save all of their lives, 我听说从前奴隶制度的时代,有些奴隶积蓄了一辈子,
- 47. but they were never able to save enough to redeem themselves from their masters; 还存不够钱替自己赎身。
- 48. so you can imagine how that slave would feel 你可以想象一个奴隶的感受,
- 49. if someone would just walk in and pay the debt in full and thereby give the slave his freedom. 当突然有人替他付清了所有的赎价,使他重获自由。
- 50. The conditions of slavery were no payment, no freedom; 奴隶赎身的条件是,不付钱就不得释放;
- 51. no redemption, no liberty; 不付赎价就没有自由。
- 52. and making that payment is exactly what Jesus did for us, 耶稣为我们做的,就是付清赎价。
- 53. but He did not free us from the short span of our lives on earth,
 但祂不仅使我们短暂的今生得到自由,
- 54. but for eternity. 而是得到永远的自由。
- 55. We were slaves to sin. 我们都是罪的奴隶,
- 56. We were heading for hell. 我们奔向地狱,
- 57. We were slaves to the consequences of sin without any hope for liberty or freedom. 我们受犯罪的后果奴役,完全没有得自由的盼望。
- 58. The price of our liberty and freedom was too impossible for any to pay. 得自由的代价太昂贵,是任何人都付不起的。

- 59. The price could not be paid with all of the money in the world. 就是全世界的金钱都不足以偿还代价,
- 60. The price for our liberty and freedom could not be paid with all of the precious stones in the world;

 全世界的珠宝也不够付自由的代价,
- 61. but only a perfect and sinless man could have paid for that price. 唯有一位完全无罪的人才可以付清代价,
- 62. Only a God-man could have paid the price, 唯有道成肉身的神才能付清代价。
- 63. and Peter goes on to say, 彼得接着说:
- 64. in the Old Testament, the lamb that was offered as a sacrifice in the temple 在旧约时代,圣殿里献羊为祭,
- 65. had to be completely whole and without blemish. 这只羊必须完整没有瑕疵。
- 66. No outward blemish like a broken limb. 外表完整无缺,没有断腿,
- 67. Not even an inner blemish, like a disease or sickness.
 内部也健康无恙。
- 68. That is why very few people could afford to make that sacrifice; 所以很多人买不起献祭的羊羔,
- 69. and, even when they could afford it, 即使他们买得起,
- 70. they would get their sins forgiven just for a short time; 他们的罪只能暂时得到赦免,
- 71. then, they would have to go back and find the perfect sacrifice and pay for it all over again; 然后又要去买另一只无暇疵的祭牲,重新再来一次。
- 72. and Peter is saying 彼得说:
- 73. what is happening now is that Jesus Christ [is] the Lamb of God without blemish and without spot.

 耶稣基督就是那无暇疵无玷污,神的羔羊。
- 75. He had no outer blemish. 也没有外在的毛病。

- 76. What does that mean? 这是什么意思?
- 77. Spiritually speaking, Jesus was the perfect Lamb of God.
 从属灵的意义来看,耶稣是那完美的,神的 羔羊。
- 78. Why? 为什么?
- 79. Because He never sinned in thought. 因为祂没有罪恶的思想,
- 80. He never sinned in word. 祂没有罪恶的言语,
- 82. He never sinned, period. 总之, 衪没有罪。
- 83. And that is why He, and He alone, could pay the required price for freedom from sin: 所以, 唯有祂能偿还从罪恶中得自由的代价,
- 84. the shedding of His innocent blood. 就是流出祂完全无罪的鲜血。
- 85. My listening friends, I want to tell you something very important. 亲爱的朋友,让我告诉你一件很重要的事。
- 86. Jesus' death was no ordinary death. 耶稣的死不是平凡的死,
- 87. It was a sacrificial death. 那是牺牲的死。
- 88. Jesus' death was no accident. 耶稣不是意外的死亡,
- 89. It was planned by God before Adam and Eve ever sinned.
 在亚当夏娃犯罪之前,神已经计画好了。
- 90. You can read it in the Scripture. 你可以去看圣经,
- 91. It is right here in this passage in Peter, 就在彼得写的经文里。
- 92. and Peter makes this point very clearly in his very famous sermon at the day of Pentecost. 五旬节时,彼得在他那篇著名的讲道中说得很清楚。
- 93. In Acts, Chapter 2, verse 23, he said, 使徒行传第二章 23节, 他说:

- 94. "This man was handed over to you by God's set purpose and foreknowledge;" 祂既按着神的定旨先见被交与人,
- 95. "and you, with the help of wicked men, put him to death by nailing him to a cross." 你们就借着无法之人的手,把祂钉在十字架上杀了。
- 96. Because He was the slain Lamb of God, 因为祂是被杀的羔羊,
- 97. because His perfect, innocent blood was shed, 因为祂流出完美无罪的血。
- 98. Peter goes on to say, 彼得继续说:
- 99. now, He sits on the bench as a judge. 如今祂坐在审判的宝座上。
- 100. He was always a judge. 向来祂都是审判的主宰,
- 101. He is now a judge. 现在祂是,
- 102. He will be a judge. 将来也是。
- 103. Some believers have problems seeing Jesus as a judge.
 有些基督徒难以接受耶稣是审判官,
- 104. Some believers like the idea of Jesus as a baby boy. 有些基督徒喜欢耶稣是个小婴孩,
- 105. They like the idea of Jesus as gentle man and healing the sick and forgiving of sinners, 他们喜欢耶稣是那温柔的医病者和赦罪者,
- 106. but they do not like the idea of Jesus as a judge, 但他们不喜欢耶稣身为审判官。
- 107. and, yet, it is the very core of the gospel. 但这正是福音的核心,
- 108. If you deny it, you deny everything. 如果你不接受这点,你就是拒绝整个福音。
- 109. Here is how I like to explain this. 请听我解释:
- 110. Jesus is the righteous judge Who sat on the bench, 耶稣是坐在法官席上的公正审判官,

- 112. He is the righteous judge Who stepped down from His bench.

 池是公正的审判官,却从法官的席位上下来。
- 113. Why? 为什么?
- 114. So He could receive the punishment in the place of the repentant criminal. 这样,祂才能站在犯人的位置接受刑罚。
- 115. He is the righteous judge Who set aside His dignity.

 祂是公正的审判官,甘愿放下自己的尊严;
- 116. He is the righteous judge Who sets aside His honor.

 池是公正的审判官,甘愿放下自己的荣誉:
- 117. He is the righteous judge Who sets aside His reputation.

 池是公正的审判官,甘愿放下自己的名声。
- 118. Why? 为什么?
- 119. So that He might pronounce the guilty but repentant criminal guiltless, 这样祂才能够宣告,愿意悔改的罪人为无罪的。
- 120. but here's the most incredible thing of all: 然而最奇妙的是,
- 121. Now, that the judge has paid the redemption price for all those who will turn to Him as Savior and Lord, 这位审判官,为所有愿意接受祂为救主的人,付清了罪的赎价之后,
- 122. He is now back on the bench at the right hand of God.
 现在祂又回到神右边的审判席上,
- 123. That means that Jesus is in a place of authority. 也就是说耶稣正在掌权。
- 124. He is now back at the bench and He will judge all who refuse to believe in Him. 现在池回到审判席上,将要审判那些拒绝相信池的人,
- 125. He judges non-believers. 祂审判非信徒。
- 126. To the believers, He says, 祂对基督徒说:
- 127. "I want you to call my Father, your Father." 你要称我的父亲,为你的父亲。

- 128. To the rest of the unbelieving world, Christ is their judge and sentencer. 对于其它所有不相信的人, 基督是审判官, 盲判刑罚。
- 129. To the believer, Christ is our brother. 对于所有的信徒,基督是我们的兄长。
- 130. To the unbelieving world, Christ will pronounce judgment,

对于所有不相信的人,基督将要宣布判决。

- 131. and, yet, He turns to His own children and says, "You can call Me Friend," 但祂对神的儿女说, 我是你的朋友。
- 132. and that is overwhelming. 这实在是不可思议,
- 133. It is dumbfounding. 令人瞠目结舌,
- 134. This should strike within us a sense of awe and reverence for God, 使我们内心对神的敬畏之情油然而生。
- 135. and this sense of awe and reverence should not just happen every time you hear a teaching about 这种敬畏之情,并非只有当我们听了这方面 的教导才产生的,
- 136. This sense of awe and reverence should happen every day. 而是每天都对神怀着敬畏之情。
- 137. The sense of awe and reverence should happen every moment of every day, 每天, 时时刻刻都敬畏神、尊崇神。
- 138. and that will happen every time we truly begin to count our blessings, 同时,也是每当我们数算神的恩典时,必然 的反应。
- 139. and, in gratitude, live in obedience to the Word of God. 我们感恩, 就愿意顺服神的话语而活,
- 140. and we call Him, "Abba." 我们称祂为"阿爸父"。
- 141. God is not the kind of Father that is portrayed on television. 神并不是现在那些电视节目里所刻画的父亲
- 142. God is not the kind of Father that is treated with disrespect and contempt, 神不是那些被轻看,被藐视的父亲。

- 143. but He is the kind of Father Who deserves honor, reverence, and adoration. 祂是值得我们尊崇、敬畏和爱慕的父亲。
- 144. He is the Father that should receive a bending, not just of our knees, but also of our wills and our hearts, 祂是值得我们向祂屈服的父亲, 不只我们的 身体, 更包括我们的意志, 和我们的心。
- 145. and, if we truly begin to count our blessings, 如果我们真实的数算恩典,
- 146. then we will be alert. 我们就会儆醒:
- 147. We will live a holy life, 我们会圣洁:
- 148. and we will be reverent to God. 我们也会敬畏神。
- 149. My time has run out. 我们的时间又到了,
- 150. It is our prayer that you will tune in to the next broadcast. 我们祈求神让你下次继续收听广播,
- 151. Until then, I wish you God's richest blessing. 愿神大大的赐福给你,下次再会。