## 《天路导向》双语讲义

## 谨防假师傅的误导 - 5 SEVEN STEPS TO AVOID BLINDNESS - 5

## SECTION A 甲部

- 1. Hello, listening friends. 亲爱的朋友,你好!
- If you are joining this broadcast for the first time,
   如果你是第一次收听这个节目,
- we are in the middle of a series of messages from 2 Peter.
   我们正在讲关于彼得後书的一个系列信息。
- 4. The Apostle Peter began his second letter by taking the offensive against false teachers. 彼得後书一开始,使徒彼得就谈到要防备那些假师傅。
- 5. In Chapter 1, 在第一章里,
- 6. we saw Peter establishing the basis of the Christian faith; 彼得讲到有关基督徒信心的基础;
- 7. and, here, in Chapter 2, 在今天所要看的第二章里,
- 8. Peter proceeds to refute the false teaching of the false teachers. 彼得要驳斥那些假师傅的教训。
- 9. Peter first assails the false teachings 首先,彼得对那些假教训提出质问,
- 10. and, then, he denounced the false teachers themselves.

  然後,他谴责那些假师傅。
- 11. My listening friends, I hope that, as you are studying the second Epistle of Peter, you will understand the important things in it. 我亲爱的朋友,盼望在查考彼得後书的时候,你可以明白其中的重要信息。
- 12. It is important that you understand the necessity of testing all teaching by the Scripture. 有一件事很重要,就是你需要明白,我们有必要用圣经的话来试验各种教训的真假。
- 13. Peter tells us that we must judge all teaching by the Scripture.

- 彼得告诉我们,必须根据圣经来判断教训的 真偽。
- 14. Peter also tells us that it is important to refute all of those people who teach false doctrine; 彼得也提醒我们,驳倒假师傅所传的假教义的重要性。
- 15. and these false teachers, Peter said, are deceptive 彼得说:这些假师傅都是骗子。
- 16. and their deception is very subtle. 他们的骗术是很狡诈的。
- 17. Their deceptions are often disguised as educated knowledge. 他们通常把骗术伪装成高深的学问。
- 18. My listening friends, 我亲爱的朋友,
- 19. the great danger of their teachings is this: 这些假教训最危险的地方在于:
- 20. what they are teaching is nothing less than heresy 这些教导所产生的影响,并不低于异端邪说的影响,
- 21. and believers are under obligations to test what they are teaching.

  所以信徒有责任来检验他们所教导的是否正确。
- 22. How? 怎么检验呢?
- 23. By comparing their teaching to the Scripture, 就是把这些教训与圣经来比较,
- 24. and, if their teaching is not compatible with the Word of God,如果他们所教导的不符合神的话语,
- 25. then, we are under further obligation 那么,我们就有进一步的责任,
- 26. and that is to expose the fallacy of what they are teaching. 就是要暴露他们教训中的谬误。

- 27. Just as the people who lived in the time of the Apostle Peter were subtle in their deception, 正像彼得时代那些善于把他们的诡计伪装起来的人一样,
- 28. we, too, have institutions and some people who live in our times who are subtle in their deception.
  在当今世代,也同样有类似的,令人难以分辨真伪的组织或者假师傅用诡计欺骗人。
- 29. Here, in 2 Peter, Chapter 2, verses 1 to 14, 在彼得後书第二章 1 到 14 节,
- 30. the Apostle provides us with an expose' of false teachers and false teaching. 彼得揭露了假师傅和他们的假教训。
- 31. If you have a Bible, please turn with us to 2 Peter 2:1 to 14. 如果你有圣经,请翻到彼得後书 2 章 1 到 14 节。
- 32. Let us read it together. 我们一起来读。
- 33. Peter is giving us clues as to how to spot false doctrine and false teachers.
  在这里,彼得给我们提供了辨认假教训和假师傅的线索。
- 34. The first clue is in verse 1. 第一条线索记在第一节。
- 35. He said they will secretly bring in destructive heresies.
  他说,他们私自引进陷害人的异端。
- 36. Those who will lead people astray will usually sneak up on them. 凡是把信徒引离正路的人通常都是偷偷摸摸地做。
- 37. They often approach people in the guise of love. 他们往往用"爱"作僞装来接近信徒。
- 38. My listening friends, this is very important. 我亲爱的朋友,这一点很重要。
- 39. These false teachers are tricking people with beautiful words. 这些假师傅常用花言巧语来欺骗人。
- 40. What they are doing is using words to entice and silence the believers.
  他们用这些词句来诱惑、压制信徒。
- 41. False teachers use beautiful words to make their false teaching dominate while they seem harmless.

- 假师傅用美丽的词句包装他们的假教训,以 致从表面看来似乎没什麽不好的。
- 42. The word that the Apostle Peter uses in 2 Peter 2:1 means 使徒彼得在彼得後书 2:1 节中的意思就是,
- 43. doctrines that contain some truth but which are cleverly blended with error. 这些所谓的教义包含了某些似是而非的道理。
- 44. If false teachers come right out and say "We do not believe that Jesus was the divine Son of God, 假如这些假师傅公开地讲:"我们不相信耶稣是神的圣子,
- 45. the One Who preexisted with the Father before the foundation of the earth," 耶稣也不是那位创立世界以先就与父同在的那一位。"
- 46. believers everywhere could spot their false teaching and expose it; 那么,所有的信徒都能辨认出他们的假教训,而且揭露他们的真面目。
- 47. or, if false teachers were to say, 或者,如果这些假师傅说:
- 48. "We do not believe in the literal physical resurrection of Jesus Christ from the dead," "我们不相信耶稣基督的身体从死里复活了。"
- 49. believers everywhere could easily tell that they were spreading lies; 所有的信徒很容易就会辨认出他们在撒谎;
- 50. but false teachers know that 其实假师傅心里都明白,
- 51. and Peter is telling us that false teachers are masters of deception.

  所以彼得告诫我们,那些假师傅都是精通骗术的。
- 52. They replace the knowledge of God with lies of Satan.
  他们以出自撒但的谎言,取代了认识神的智慧。
- 53. What that means is this: 这就意味著:
- 54. that while they profess to be ministers of righteousness, 当他们宣称自己是传扬正义之道的人,

- 55. they secretly bring in soul-destroying heresies alongside the biblical doctrine.
  但其实,他们在圣经教义的背後,却暗藏著把人灵魂致于死地的异端。
- 56. It is a deliberate and deceptive mixture of falsehood and truth. 这是一个刻意把谬误与真理混合起来的骗术。
- 57. False teachers use enough biblical language to keep the unsuspecting new believer coming to them, 假师傅用了许多圣经上的词语,引诱那些毫无戒心的初信者来接近他们,
- 58. but they are poisoning the water. 但他们就好像在水里下毒一样。
- 59. They are like the farmer who decided to save some money 就如同一个农民打算节省一些钱,
- 60. so he gradually substituted sawdust for some of the oats in the feeding of his mules. 于是,在喂牲口的饲料里,他逐渐地用木屑代替燕麦。
- 61. Things seemed to go fine for a while. 短时间内,看不出有什么不对劲,
- 62. By the time the mule was satisfied from eating the sawdust, 可是,当这些牲畜吃木屑就能吃饱时,
- 63. he was dead. 它们也就死了。
- 64. The same thing happens spiritually. 在灵性上也是同样的道理,
- 65. The change from truth to error is often very gradual and a slow process 从真理滑到错谬,常常是一个逐渐而缓慢的 讨程。
- 66. and people don't always know the difference; 人们往往感觉不到这种变化;
- 67. but, before they know it, they are spiritually dead.
  可是等到他们发觉了,他们的灵性已经死去。
- 68. These people, said Peter, even deny the Lord. 彼得说,这些假师傅,连买他们的主他们也不承认。

- 69. The Bible tells us that all those who deny the Lord will suffer the judgment of Christ, 圣经告诉我们,所有不认主的人,都要遭受基督的审判。
- 70. and no one knows more about denying the Lord than Peter; 没有人比彼得更明白否认主是怎么一回事了;
- 71. but at least Peter did not continue in his denial. 但彼得没有继续否认主。
- 72. Peter repented and turned to the Lord. 彼得悔改,并回到主的面前来。
- 73. The word for "deny" means to contradict, reject, or disavow.
  "否认"这个词的意思就是形成矛盾、拒绝或抵赖。
- 74. What does Peter mean by "the Lord Who bought them?" 彼得所说的"买他们的主"是什么意思呢?
- 75. When the Lord Jesus Christ hung on the cross and His blood dripped till He died, 当主耶稣被钉在十字架上流血至死,
- 76. by this gracious act, He bought the world. 他就是这样用重价把世界赎回,
- 77. The Lord paid for the sins of man with His own precious blood; 主用祂自己的宝血为我们的罪付上了代价。
- 78. but, to be individually redeemed, you must accept that only Christ could pay the price. 但是,对于每一个人来说,你必须接受惟独基督可以替你付的代价,你才能得救。
- 79. Prior to His death, salvation was only possible through the covenant set in the Old Testament; 在耶稣被钉死以前,救恩只能透过旧约所定的条件获得;
- 80. but, now that Jesus died on the cross, 但如今,耶稣已经死在十字架上,
- 81. He bought all the world's races and all the world's groups.

  他为全世界各族各方的人都付了代价。
- 82. He bought the world, but not all in the world are redeemed.
  他买了全世界,但不是所有的人都得到救赎。

- 83. By buying the world, Jesus made redemption possible to everyone. 藉著祂所付出的代价,每一个人都可以被耶稣赎回。
- 84. By buying the world, Jesus is giving the opportunity to everyone to come and be redeemed. 藉著祂所付出的代价,耶稣赐给每个人悔改和得救赎的机会。
- 85. By buying the world, Jesus is saying, "Come. Repent and believe on me so that you can be redeemed...." 藉著祂所付出的代价,耶稣说:"来,悔改并相信我,你就可以得救赎。"
- 86. so, Peter is saying all are bought, but not all redeemed.

  所以彼得说,所有的人都被买了,但不是都被赎回来的。
- 87. Redemption applies only to those who receive Jesus Christ as their Lord and Savior. '救赎'只对那些接受耶稣基督为他们救主,和生命之主的人有效。
- 88. In Matthew 13:44, 在马太福音 13:44,
- 89. Jesus pictures Himself as a man who sold all that he had to buy a field.
  耶稣把祂自己描绘成一个卖了一切家产来买一块土地的那个人。
- 90. Jesus tells us that the field is the world and all who are in it. 耶稣告诉我们,那块土地就是这个世界和其中所有的。
- 91. The wheat and the tares together—they are all bought by His death on the cross.
  不论是麦子或稗子,它们都因著主耶稣死在十字架上,而被买了回来。
- 93. but it is only effective for those who repent and believe and surrender to Him. 但是,救恩只对那些愿意悔改相信祂,并将主权交托祂的人才有效。
- 94. The fact that these false teachers have never been born again is an indication of their destiny; 而那些假师傅从来就没有重生,这个事实决定了他们最终的结局。

- 95. and their destiny, Peter said, is swift destruction. 彼得说,他们的下场就是速速的灭亡。
- 96. Their doom is eternal punishment in the lake of fire.
  他们的结局就是硫磺火湖里永远的刑罚。
- 97. In verse 2, Peter predicts that they will attract a large following. 在第二节那里,彼得预言将有好些人随从他们。
- 98. They do this by lowering the biblical standards of morality and encouraging indulgence of the flesh.

  他们藉著降低圣经的道德标准,以及鼓励人们放纵情欲,来达到他们的目的。
- 99. In verse 3, he said these false teachers are greedy both in sexual and financial realms. 在第三节,彼得说,这些假师傅在情欲和金钱上都是贪得无餍的。

## SECTION B 乙部

- 1. False teachers teach, not out of a call of God on their lives, 假师傅并不是因神的呼召而教导众人,
- 2. false teachers teach as a profession for personal gain. 假师傅把教导人看成是一种得利的门路,
- 3. False teachers teach, not because they care for the people and their spiritual well being, 假师傅并不是因著关心信徒灵命的建造而教导他们,
- 4. false teachers teach as an opportunity for employment, 假师傅教导他们只是为了有份职业,
- 5. and they may look respectable. 他们也许很有威望,
- 6. They may look very acceptable to the world 他们也许很受人欢迎,
- 7. and the world may give them all the accolades that false teachers want to have; 世界也许会给予他们想要得到的赞许,
- 8. but, in reality, false teachers are sending their own lives to eternal destruction. 但实际上,这些假师傅已经自取灭亡了。

9. Someone who is listening today might be asking,

有些朋友也许会问,

- 10. "But why does God let them go on like this? "神为什么允许他们任意妄为呢?
- 11. Why doesn't God do something?" 神为什么不拦阻他们呢?"
- 12. My listening friends, this is a very important question.

我亲爱的朋友,这是一个很重要的问题。

- 13. God is a very patient God. 神虽是一位有耐性的神,
- 14. God is a longsuffering God, 神也是一位愿意忍耐到底的神,
- 15. but don't judge by appearances. 但是,不要只看表像。
- 16. Don't think that the last chapter has been written yet,
  不要认为可以盖棺定论了,
- 17. and that is why I want you tune in next time, as we will see that God's judgment is on Its way. 所以我盼望您下一次继续收听我们的节目,因为我们要看到神的审判即将来临。
- 18. Until next time, I wish you God's richest blessing.

好,我们下次再见,愿神大大地赐福给你。