《天路导向》 双语讲义

信心之旅 – 3 JOURNEY OF FAITH – 3

SECTION A 甲部

- 1. Hello, listening friends. 亲爱的朋友,你好!
- 2. We are delighted that you tuned in again 我们很高兴你再次收听这个节目。
- 3. We have been going through a series of messages from the life of Abraham 我们正在讲一系列有关亚伯拉罕生平的信息。
- 4. And I want to begin by saying that man's natural way of dealing with sin . . . is to try and cover it up . . . 首先让我告诉你,人对付罪的方式,往往是犯了罪之后加以掩饰,
- 5. rather than confessing it and repenting of it. 却不愿意承认罪讨,并且悔改。
- 6. Even the man Abraham who was called God's friend . . . 即使是那位被称为神朋友的亚伯拉罕,
- 7. when he turned to political expediency . . . ended up not only lying . . . but trying to cover us his sin.

 他为了得到政治上的好处,不单撒谎,还要掩饰自己的过错。
- 8. In the last message, we saw Abraham leaving Haran for Canaan in obedience to God's original command.
 在上次的信息中,我们看到亚伯拉罕遵行神起初的吩咐,离开哈兰前往迦南。
- 9. This happened after six years of a stagnant stage in his life. 这也是亚伯拉罕经过了六年停滞不前的生活之后才成行的。
- 10. Why? 为什么?
- 11. because of his murky obedience. 因为他不愿意全心全意的顺服神。

- 12. In Genesis 12:6, we saw him passing through the land as far as the site of Shecheme . . . to the oak of Moreh. 在创世记十二章第六节,我们看见亚伯拉罕经过示剑的摩利橡树那里。
- 13. The words Shecheme . . . and Moreh mean strength . . . and instruction . . . and Abraham needed both. 示剑和摩利这两个地名的意思是能力和引导,这两样正是亚伯拉罕所需要的。
- 14. At this point, you may be saying . . . well, at last . . . perfect compliance with the will of God! 现在你大概认为,亚伯拉罕终于肯完全顺服神的旨意了!
- 15. Yes and no. 我们可以这么说,但也不见得。
- 16. Abraham gets into Canaan and he gets a surprise. 当亚伯拉罕来到迦南,却遇到始料不及的事。
- 17. There was a hotel chain slogan that said: 有一家联号旅馆的广告标语这样说:
- 18. "The best surprise is no surprise." 「没有意外就是最好的惊喜」
- 19. Those of us who have traveled, especially overseas, are extremely leery of surprises. 经常出门旅行的人,尤其是到海外去,最怕 遇上意料之外的事。
- 20. I run into them all the time. 我就经常碰到这样的事。
- 21. In some countries they will sell your hotel room . . . or your plane seat . . . to the highest bidder.
 有些国家的人会把你订的旅馆房间,或你的飞机座位,转卖给出价最高的人。
- Most of us don't like the unexpected . . . and the unpredictable.
 大部份人都不喜欢意外,和无法预料的事。
- 23. Most of us don't like what is lurking in the dark. 大部份人都不喜欢那些隐藏在黑暗里的事。

- 24. Most of us don't like what we cannot control. 大部份人都不喜欢,自己无法控制的事。
- 25. When Abraham and company arrived in the land of Canaan . . . 当亚伯拉罕和他的家族来到迦南地时,
- 26. they held a reservation for the land . . . 这地已经预留给他们,
- 27. and that reservation had been confirmed by the highest authority possible . . . 而且是由最高当局为他们预定的,
- 28. God Himself. 就是神自己。
- 29. But when they got there . . . 但是当他们到了那儿,
- 30. at V6 in Genesis 12 创世记十二章第六节说,
- 31. There was a surprise 他们遇上了出乎意料的事。
- 32. "No vacancy" sign is in big red letters flashing all over Canaan.
 整个迦南地都竖起了「客满」的牌子。
- 33. The Canaanites were there! 那里住满了迦南人!
- 34. God had not said anything about the Canaanites. 事先神并没有提到迦南人。
- 35. And right at that point Abraham's faith . . . is about to be tested. 就在此刻亚伯拉罕的信心,要接受考验。
- 36. Please listen carefully 请留心听著,
- 37. The fact that you are in the center of the will of God . . . does not mean that you will never face problems . . . 即使你活在神的旨意当中,并不表示你从此就不再有烦恼,
- 38. or difficulties or adverse circumstances 或者不再有困难和恶劣的环境。
- 39. The fact that you are in the very center of the will of God . . . does not mean that you will not experience temptations.
 即使你活在神的旨意当中,并不表示你不会遇见试探。
- 40. The fact that you are in the very center of the will of God . . . does not mean that you will not experience persecution.

 即使你活在神的旨意当中,并不表示你就不会受到逼迫了。

- 41. I looked in vain in all four Gospels . . . I can't find, even one time that Jesus promised . . . a bed of roses . . . or a trouble free life. 四本福音书我都仔细查过,但找不到任何地方耶稣曾应许玫瑰常开,或者是无忧无虑的生活。
- 42. Now, back to Genesis. Right after verse 6 comes verse 7 现在请翻到创世记十二章第七节。
- 43. While Abraham is scratching his head saying: God...you told me to go to canaan...but you did not tell me about the Canaanites" 亚伯拉罕搔著头皮对神说:「神啊,你吩咐我到迦南来,但是你却没有告诉我这些迦南人的存在呀。」
- 44. "God, you commanded me to come here and leave my family . . . and I am here."
 「神啊,你吩咐我离开我的亲族到这里来,现在我已经来了。」
- 45. In Genesis 12:7 the Bible said 圣经创世记十二章第七节说
- 46. The Lord appeared to Abraham and said to your offspring I will give this land so he built an alter there to the Lord who had appeared to him 神向亚伯兰显现,说:「我要把这地赐给你的后裔。」亚伯兰就在那里为向他显现的耶和华筑了一座坛。
- 47. That is the way God works 这就是神作工的方式。
- 48. He reassures us right at the time when we are baffled and confused 正当我们感到困扰的时候,祂就消除我们的疑虑。
- 49. He reassures us right in the midst of our uncertainty and doubt 正当我们感到疑惑的时候,祂就消除我们的 顾虑。
- 50. He reassures us right in the midst of our fear and anxiety 正当我们感到忧虑的时候,祂就消除我们的担忧。
- 51. He reassures us right in the midst of our puzzlement 正当我们感到不解的时候,祂就消除我们的困惑。
- 52. He comes in and affirms his promises 祂会介入并且重申祂的应许。

- 53. At that point of Abraham's confusion God said to him当亚伯拉罕感到困惑时,神对他说,
- 54. To your descendants I will give this land 我要把这地赐给你的后裔。
- 55. "Abraham, it is all yours, my friend" 「亚伯拉罕,我的朋友,这地全是你的。」
- 56. But have you ever felt that even the Lord's assurance . . . is not a real source of comfort? 但有时候,就算得到了神的保证,你仍然不能感受到真正的安慰,是吗?
- 57. Sometimes, in the midst of your puzzlement . . . the Lord's assurance does not comfort you? 有时在困惑的当中,神的保证并没有带给你安慰?
- 58. Abraham's puzzlement is now doubled . . . even by God's assurance. 这时,就算得到神的保证,亚伯拉罕的困惑 反而增加了。
- 59. God promised Abraham a son. 神应许亚伯拉罕将会有一个儿子。
- 60. Not only does he not have a son . . . but Abraham is very old and Sarah is barren. 当时亚伯拉罕不但没有儿子,而且他年纪大了,他的妻子撒拉是不能生育的。
- 61. And now, God tells Abraham that this land of Canaan which is filled with fierce people belongs to Abraham. 现在神告诉亚伯拉罕,这个住满了强悍人民的迦南地将要成为他的居所。
- 62. Listening friends, do you see this point? 亲爱的朋友,你看出其中的特点吗?
- 63. Sometimes, your problem may be too big for you to handle . . . 有时候,你所遇见的困难不是你处理得了的,
- 64. even when you are trying to appear strong and resilient.
 即使你表面维持刚强和满有活力的样子。
 〈即使你打肿脸充胖子,尽了全力也没用。〉
- 65. But it is not too big for God and . . . if you are in His perfect will.
 但这困难对神来说算不得什么,同时你要顺服神完美的旨意,
- 66. What God may be waiting for . . . is your repentance and surrender. 不然,神可能会等待,等待你悔改和降服。

- 67. What God may be waiting for is your willingness to give up relying on your own strength.

 神可能在等待你放弃倚靠自己的力量。
- 68. What God may be waiting for is your willingness to let go of the facade. 神可能在等待你放弃虚伪的外表。
- 69. And Abraham does! 而亚伯拉罕顺服了!
- 70. So Abraham pitched his tent and built an altar. 亚伯拉罕搭了一座帐棚又筑了一座坛。
- 71. When you study the life of Abraham very carefully . . . you will notice the following: 当你仔细研究亚伯拉罕的生平时,你就会发现,
- 72. When Abraham is at the center of the will of God . . . he always pitched a tent . . . and built and altar. 每当亚伯拉罕行在神旨意当中,他必定搭帐棚并筑一座坛。
- 73. Abraham's tent is a symbol of his temporary dwelling.
 亚伯拉罕的帐棚象徵著他临时的居所。
- 74. The tent is a symbol that he is not consumed with material possessions. 帐棚表示他并没有被物质生活所支配。
- 75. The tent is a symbol of the fact that he is on a pilgrimage 帐棚表示他是在朝圣的路途中。
- 76. The tent is a symbol of his being vulnerable to the Lord's will. 帐棚表示他降服在神的旨意下。
- 77. The tent is a symbol that he is ready for the master's call. 帐棚表示他随时听命于神的吩咐。
- 78. You may ask, "wait a minute, didn't everybody live in a tent in those days?" 你大概会问,「那时候的人,不是个个都在住在帐棚里的吗?」
- 79. not at all. 不一定。
- 80. Those who were permanently settled . . . built with rocks and stones.
 那些准备安居的人,会用岩石和石块建造房子。

- 81. But Abraham's tent indicates the temporary nature of his life.
 但是亚伯拉罕的帐棚显示他过的生活是短暂的,会经常迁移的。
- 82. The altar was built of stone . . . indicating the durability of his fellowship with God. 坛是用石头筑的,表示他跟神的关系坚固而恒久。
- 83. In the Bible there are three purposes for which an altar is built.
 在圣经里,筑坛有三个目的。
- 84. First 第一
- 85. It is the place of meeting between God and His people.
 那是神跟祂的子民相会的地方。
- 86. Isaac, Jacob, Moses, Joshua . . . and many others have built an altar for meeting with God. 以撒、雅各、摩西、约书亚,和其他很多人都为神筑坛,在那儿与神见面。
- 87. Secondly: 第二
- 88. it is the place of sacrifice. 那是向神献祭的地方。
- 89. They sacrifice bulls, goats and lambs on altars they built . . . and later on Abraham was asked to offer his son as a sacrifice.

 他们在所筑的坛上献上牛羊,后来神要亚伯拉罕献上儿子为祭。
- 90. The third purpose for building an altar is to be the place of prayer. 筑坛的第三个目的是,坛成为祷告的地方。
- 91. In Revelation 8:3,4 tells us that the prayer offered by God's people are symbolized by incense on the altar of God. 启示录八章三至四节告诉我们,在坛上烧的香表徵著神子民献上的祷告。
- 92. Another angel, who had a golden censer, came and stood at the altar. He was given much incense to offer, with the prayers of all the saints, on the golden altar before the throne. 另有一位天使拿著金香炉,来站在祭坛旁边。有许多香赐给他,要和众圣徒的祈祷一同献在宝座前的金坛上。

- 93. The smoke of the incense, together with the prayers of the saints, went up before God from the angel's hand.
 (Rev 8:3 4 NIV)
 - 那香的烟和众圣徒的祈祷,从天使的手中一 同升到神面前。
- 94. Let me ask you a question my listening friend 亲爱的朋友,让我问你一个问题。
- 95. Do you have an altar? 你有一个祭坛吗?
- 96. Do you have a place where you meet God on a regular basis? 你是否有一个经常跟神相遇的地方?
- 97. Do you have a place where you offer sacrifice of praise and Thanksgiving to the Lord? 你是否有一个向神献上颂赞和感谢之祭的地方?
- 98. Do you have a place where you offer intercession before God? 你是否有一个你向神祷告代求的地方?
- 99. verses 9 to the end of Chapter 12 of the book of Genesis . . . 请看创世记十二章第九节一直到最后一节,

SECTION B

<u>乙部</u>

- gives us a clear example of how a man of God can get out of the will of God . . . and start the down hill descend.
 这段经文给我们一个很清楚的例子,一个属神的人如何离开神的旨意,跟著就走下坡。
- 2. Verse 9 to the end of chapter 12 请听创世记十二章第九节到最后一节
- Then Abram set out and continued toward the Negev.
 后来亚伯兰又渐渐迁往南地去。
- 4. Now there was a famine in the land, and Abram went down to Egypt to live there for a while because the famine was severe.

 那地遭遇饥荒。因饥荒什大,亚伯兰就下到埃及去,要在那里暂居。
- 5. As he was about to enter Egypt, he said to his wife Sarai, "I know what a beautiful woman you are.
 将近埃及,就对他妻子撒莱说:「我知道你

是容貌俊美的妇人。

- 6. When the Egyptians see you, they will say, 'This is his wife.' Then they will kill me but will let you live.
 - 埃及人看见你必说:『这是他的妻子』,他 们就要杀我,却叫你存活。
- 7. Say you are my sister, so that I will be treated well for your sake and my life will be spared because of you."
 求你说,你是我的妹子,使我因你得平安,我的命也因你存活。」
- 8. When Abram came to Egypt, the Egyptians saw that she was a very beautiful woman. 及至亚伯兰到了埃及,埃及人看见那妇人极其美貌。
- 9. And when Pharaoh's officials saw her, they praised her to Pharaoh, and she was taken into his palace. 法老的臣宰看见了她,就在法老面前夸奖她。那妇人就被带进法老的宫去。
- 10. He treated Abram well for her sake, and Abram acquired sheep and cattle, male and female donkeys, menservants and maidservants, and camels.

 法老因这妇人就厚待亚伯兰,亚伯兰得了许多牛羊、骆驼、公驴、母驴、仆婢。
- 11. But the LORD inflicted serious diseases on Pharaoh and his household because of Abram's wife Sarai. 耶和华因亚伯兰妻子撒莱的缘故,降大灾与法老和他的全家。
- 12. So Pharaoh summoned Abram. "What have you done to me?" he said. "Why didn't you tell me she was your wife? 法老就召了亚伯兰来,说:「你这向我做的是什么事呢?为什么没有告诉我她是你的妻子?
- 13. Why did you say, 'She is my sister,' so that I took her to be my wife? Now then, here is your wife. Take her and go!" 为什么说她是你的妹子,以致我把她取来要作我的妻子?现在你的妻子在这裹,可以带她走吧!」
- 14. Then Pharaoh gave orders about Abram to his men, and they sent him on his way, with his wife and everything he had.
 (Gen 12:9 20 NIV)

于是法老吩咐人将亚伯兰和她妻子,并他所 有的都送走了。」

- 15. Someone said the following. 有人这样说:
- 16. "Biblical truth is like the pinnacle of a steep, slippery mountain. . . 「圣经的真理就像险峻的山峰,
- 17. one step away and you find yourself on the down-grade." 只要走错一步便会往下掉。」
- 18. I believe this with all my heart. 我打从心底同意这道理。
- 19. I believe it is true for individual Christians. 我相信这对每一个基督徒来说,都同样真实。
- 20. And I believe it is true for churches. 我相信对教会也是一样。
- 21. Abraham only took one step away from the will of God . . . and the rest is history. 亚伯拉罕只走错一步,离开了神的旨意,但后果已成定局。
- 22. Abraham did not go to Egypt right away. 亚伯拉罕并不是一去就去了埃及。
- 23. No. 他没有这样做。
- 24. He went into the Negave first. 他先到「南地」去。
- 25. The Negave was only half way to Egypt. 「南地」位于通往埃及的半途中。
- 26. He probably thought to himself . . . I can always get back to Canaan. 他可能这么想,我随时都可以回到迦南去。
- 27. But it wasn't long before he turned his back on his altar . . . 但是没多久他就离开了祭坛,
- 28. and folded his tent . . . 把帐棚收起来,
- 29. and packed his bags . . . 收拾好行装,
- 30. and left the place which God had chosen for him. 离开神为他选择的地方。
- 31. In verse 10 it says, ". . . there was famine in the land" 第十节的经文说:「那地遭遇饥荒,」
- 32. Abraham was hungry . . . 亚伯拉罕挨饿了,

- 33. after all a man needs to eat. 人总是要吃东西的。
- 34. Please listen to me carefully 请留心听著。
- 35. God did not tell him to go to Canaan . . . so he could die. 神并没有叫他到迦南去饿死。
- 36. "I will give you the land to you and your descendants."
 神说:「我要把这地赐给你和你的后裔。」
- 37. In other words, Abraham's food and Abraham's welfare are God's problem.换句话说,神会负责亚伯拉罕的食物和需要。
- 38. Please listen carefully 请你留心的听。
- 39. You see: Egypt in the Scripture is the place to go to . . . when you are running away from the will of God.
 要知道,圣经中提到的埃及,常常是一个让人逃避神旨意的地方。
- 40. Egypt was the symbol of the flesh. 埃及象徵著属肉体的。
- 41. Egypt was a symbol that when you stop trusting in the Lord . . . and you trust in man. 埃及象徵著人不再信赖神,却信赖人。
- 42. Egypt was a symbol of leaning upon your worldly wisdom . . . instead of the Lord's wisdom.埃及象徵著人依靠属世的才智,而不是依靠从神而来的智慧。
- 43. Egypt is a symbol of the chains and shackles of Satan and his bondage. 埃及象徵著撒旦的锁链和镣铐,以及它的辖制。
- 44. So for Abraham, So, going to Egypt symbolized moving out of the will of God . . . into "do it yourself" . . . kind of obedience. 对于亚伯拉罕来说,到埃及去意谓著离开神的旨意,而且按照自己的意思行事。
- 45. What happens when you get out of the will of God 当你离开神的旨意,会有什么事情发生?
- 46. You will find that continuing in sin becomes a easy.
 你会发觉犯罪来得容易多了。

- 47. I will tell you something else that accompanies getting out of the will of God . . . 让我告诉你,离开神的旨意后,还有什么会随之而来。
- 48. Fear. 恐惧。
- 49. When Abraham was in the will of God . . . 当亚伯拉罕行在神的旨意中,
- 50. he came to Canaan and saw those mean and fierce Canaanites . . .
 他来到迦南,看见那些满怀恶意又凶悍的迦南人,
- 51. but that didn't frazzle him one bit . . . 并没有被吓倒,
- 52. but he built an altar and pitched his tent. 他反而筑了一座坛,又搭起了帐棚。
- 53. But now that he is out of the will of God . . . 但是他现在离开神的旨意,
- 54. he was fearful. 他就感到害怕了。
- 55. All he could think of was his own safety! 他只想到自己的安全!
- 56. Well . . . in those days it was the prerogative of Pharaoh to take any woman he wanted into his house.

 那时候法老王有权把他所喜欢的女人带进宫里。
- 57. If the woman is married . . . the ruler would order the death of her husband . . . so he could keep her himself.
 如果那是已婚的妇女,法老王可以先处死她 丈夫,然后把她据为己有。
- 58. And Abraham did not like this part about the killing of the husband.
 亚伯拉罕当然不希望成为被处死的丈夫。
- 59. Sarah must have been a beautiful woman, 撒拉一定是个很漂亮的女人,
- 60. even at the age of 65, 虽然那时她已经六十五岁了,
- 61. and Abraham knew it. 但亚伯拉罕心里明白,
- 62. So, he asked her to join him in the big lie. 所以他要求撒拉跟他一起撒谎。
- 63. "Say that you are my sister. .." 「求你说,你是我的妹子,」

- 64. which is half true . . . because she was his half sister. 这倒有一半是真的,因为撒拉确实是他的堂妹。
- 65. My listening friend, please listen to me very carefully 亲爱的朋友,请你留心听清楚
- 66. It is all the intention of the heart . . . 全在于心里的动机,
- 67. and the intention of Abraham was to deceive for self-protection.
 亚伯拉罕为了求自保而说谎。
- 68. Some 1800 years after Abraham, 在亚伯拉罕以后一千八百年,
- 69. a husband and wife named Annias and Saphira agreed to lie to the Apostles, 有一对夫妇名叫亚拿尼亚和撒非喇,串谋向使徒撒谎。
- 70. and they were stuck dead on the spot. 结果他们当场倒毙。
- 71. Well, the immediate fruit of sin may not be visible 今天,我们也许不会马上看见犯罪的后果,
- 72. the Bible says that sin is pleasurable for a season.
 圣经说犯罪是一时之乐。
- 73. Immediately Abraham was rewarded with wealth and cattle and Pharaoh lavished gifts upon him.
 亚伯拉罕暂时获得了法老王慷慨赠送的大批财富和牛羊。
- 74. But when God intervened . . . no doubt Abraham reaped shame . . . and embarrassment. 但是当神介入时,亚伯拉罕所换来的却是羞愧和困窘。
- 75. Despite Abraham's lack of trust . . . God preserved him anyway. 虽然亚伯拉罕对神缺乏信心,但是神仍然保守了他。
- 76. In verse 17 it tells us , " . . .a great plague fell on Pharaoh's household." 经文第十七节告诉我们,「耶和华降大灾与 法老和他的全家。」
- 77. Sarah's honor was preserved . . . 撒拉清白的名誉给保住了,
- 78. despite of the selfish action of her husband. 虽然她丈夫的行为是自私的。

- 79. In Egypt, Abraham sank to the bottom of the quick sand pit. 在埃及,亚伯拉罕如同陷入流沙坑中。
- 80. and he was rebuked by a pagan Pharaoh! 他竟被一个异教的法老王指责!
- 81. Talk about life's most embarrassing moment . . . this was one of them 这真是人生中最羞愧的一刻。
- 82. The friend of God . . . is being rebuked by a pagan.
 神的朋友,竟被异教徒指责。
- 83. What did this say about Abraham's testimony? 亚伯拉罕所作的是怎样的见证呢?
- 84. Listening friend 亲爱的朋友,
- 85. Christians who are the most vulnerable to sin are those who think that because they have been justified in the sight of God can live any way they want 最容易陷入罪中的基督徒,就是那些已经得著神的救赎,自以为从此可以任意而行的人。
- 86. They think that because they are righteous in the sight of God, they don't need to guard against sin.
 他们以为在神眼中自己已被称义,就不需要对罪加以防范。
- 87. Some of you are more dependent on your religious affiliation . . . than the Gospel of genuine repentance.
 有些人倚靠宗教关系,多于倚靠使人真正悔改的福音。
- 88. Some of you are more tied into the Gospel of religious ritual . . . than the Gospel of surrender. 有些人倚靠宗教上的礼仪,多于倚靠使人真正顺服的福音。
- 89. Some of you are more concerned about your image in the community . . . than purity in life. 有些人关心自己在社会上的形象,多于关心生命的纯洁。
- 90. And what God is saying to us today through the failure of Abraham is this: 今天神藉著亚伯拉罕的失败来教导我们:
- 91. Put your whole trust in me . . . and I will direct your path.
 你要专心仰赖我,我必指引你的路。
- 92. You don't need to run into Egypt. 你不用逃到埃及去。

- 93. "For whoever wants to save his life will lose it"
 - 「凡要救自己生命的,必丧掉生命,」
- 94. "But whoever loses his life for me will find it" 「凡为我丧掉生命的,必得著生命。」
- 95. It is my prayer that you would say yes to Jesus 我祈求神,你对耶稣说,我愿意。
- 96. And until we meet again, I wish you God's richest blessings 愿神大大的赐福给你,下次再见。